

Climate-smart grain crops – Functionalization of Sorghum milling fractions for application in European cereal based staple products (CLIC) – CORNET –



Coordination:	Forschungskreis der Ernährungsindustrie e. V. (FEI), Bonn (Research Association of the German Food Industry)
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Research Association:	Ecoplus - the business agency of Lower Austria Ltd., St. Pölten/Austria
Research Institutes:	Universität Hohenheim Institut für Lebensmittelwissenschaft und Biotechnologie FG Pflanzliche Lebensmittel Prof. Dr. Mario Jekle Secondary College for Food Technology (HTLLMT), Wels Cereals and Biotechnology Gisela Wenger-Oehn University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences (BOKU), Vienna Department of Food Science and Technology (DLWT) Institute of Food Technology Prof. Dr. Dietmar Haltrich
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Aim of the project

Ongoing climate change and the resulting extreme weather phenomena, such as heavy rainfall or droughts, require new strategies in food production to ensure the availability of high-quality cereal-based staple foods in Europe. One strategy is the European cultivation of new, unconventional grain cereals that are already successfully established in other continents due to their yield, robustness, and resistance to heat and drought, while emitting few greenhouse gases.

Sorghum millet is a promising cereal for this purpose. However, the use of this plant is not culturally established in Europe and its usability for common European foods has hardly been researched so far. Therefore, a function-oriented processing and application strategy for this climate-friendly plant needs to be developed and established for the production of nutritionally valuable and high-quality foods with high sensory acceptance. In this context, the aim of the transnational and interdisciplinary research project is to develop a processing strategy for drought-resistant and regionally cultivable sorghum. The project's research program is based on the hypothesis that a controlled dry fractionation of *Sorghum bicolor* can yield defined flours and milling fractions with different functionalities and processing properties. After identifying suitable sorghum varieties, a

milling process for dry fractionation will be developed and optimized. The fractions will then be technologically and nutritionally functionalized for use in high-value cereal-based food systems.

Economic impact

Sorghum has great potential to establish as a reliable raw material for human nutrition in Europe and thus compensate climate-related raw material fluctuations of established cereal varieties through its drought resistance. The current price of sorghum shows that it is a marketable commodity in terms of price, and its use would also make the food supply more resilient to the effects of climate change.

The results enable small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) to develop new products based on drought-resistant raw materials. The new process solutions and application possibilities developed in the project are of economic importance for a large number of SMEs in a wide range of food sectors. The expected costs for the implementation of the results are low, as the targeted process developments are based on existing process technologies and do not require investments in new equipment.

Further information

University of Hohenheim
Institute of Food Science and Biotechnology
Department Plant-based Foods
Prof. Dr. Mario Jekle
Garbenstraße 25, 70599 Stuttgart
Tel.: +49 711-459-22314
Fax: +49 711-459-24110
E-Mail: mario.jekle@uni-hohenheim.de

Research Association of the German Food Industry
GFPI/FEI EU-Office
Dr. Jan Jacobi
47-51, Rue du Luxembourg
B-1050 Brussels/Belgium
Phone: +49 172 2643357
Fax: +32 2 2820841
E-Mail: gfpi-fei@bdp-online.de

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